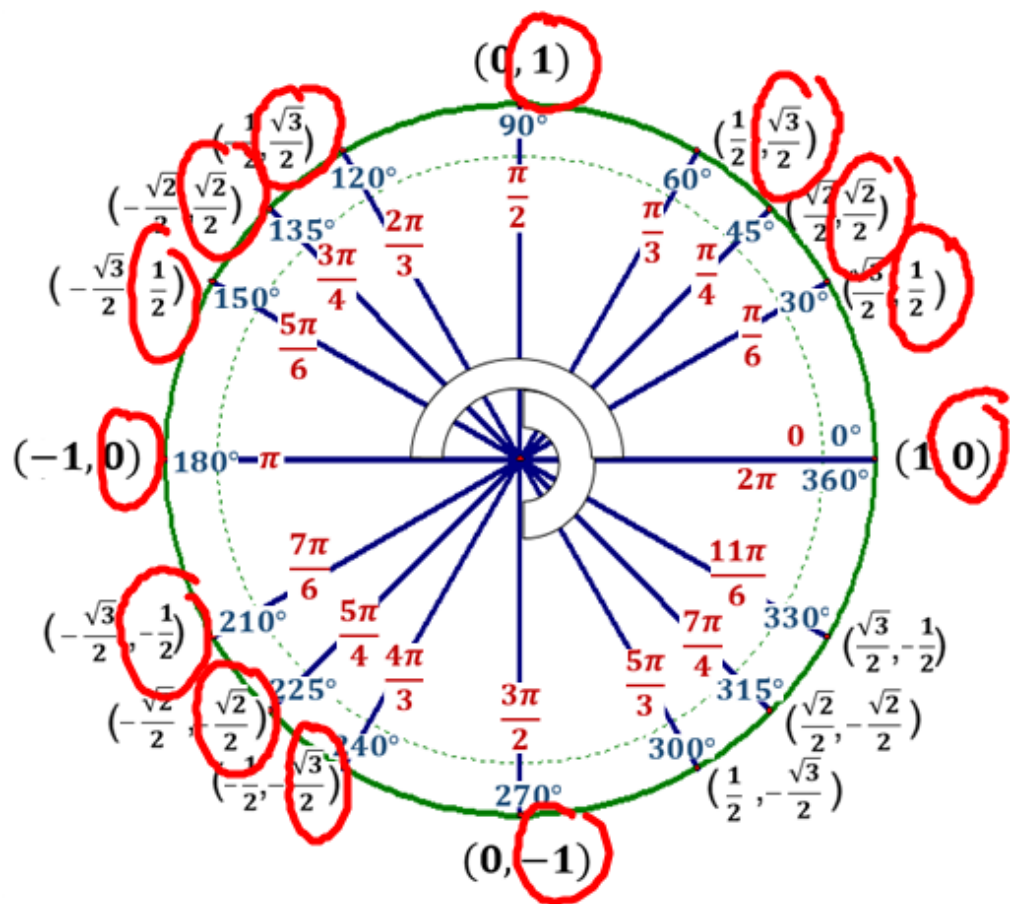
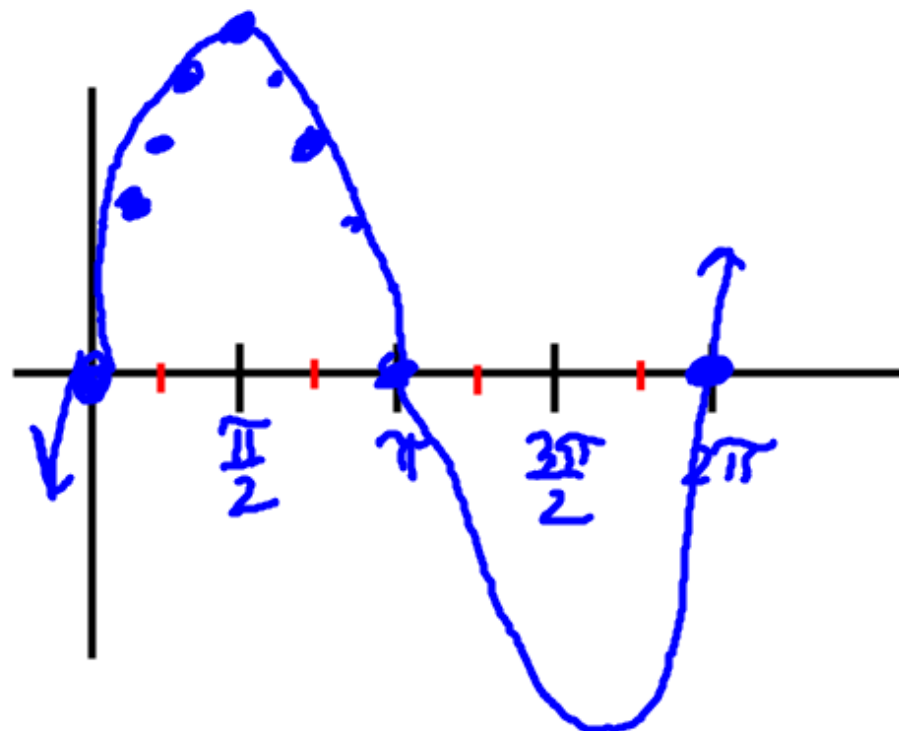


Lesson 12.1: Graphing Sine

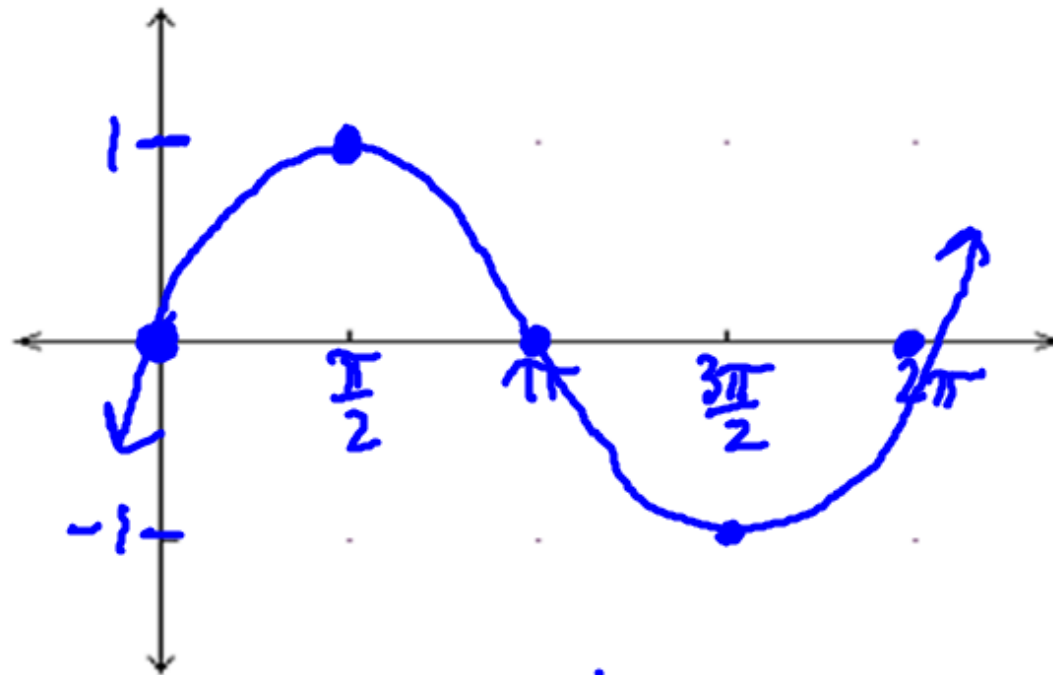


$$y = \sin x$$



Sine

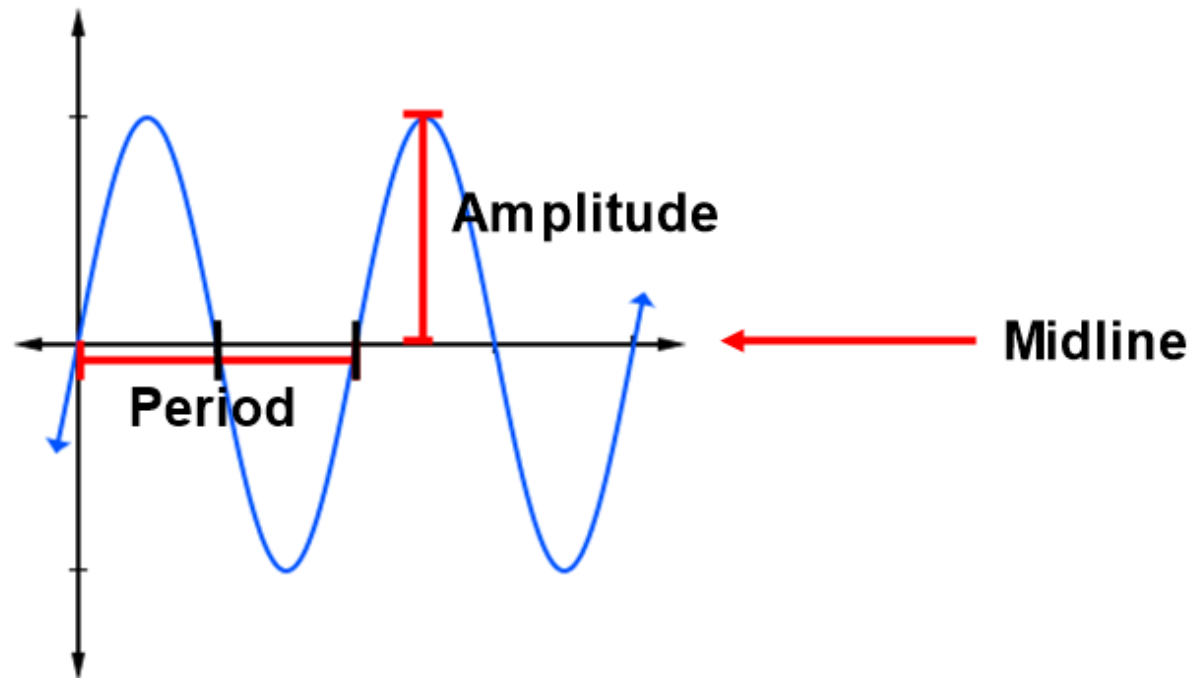
$$f(x) = \sin x$$



Midline : $y = 0$

Amplitude : 1

Period : 2π



Midline: Middle of the Wave

Amplitude: Distance from the Midline to the Maximum

Period: the length of one complete cycle

$$\text{Frequency} = \frac{1}{\text{Period}}$$

$$y = \underline{a} \cdot \sin(\underline{b}x) + \underline{k}$$

$\{ a \}$ = amplitude

\underline{b} = number of cycles between 0 and 2π

$$\text{Period} = \frac{2\pi}{b}$$

\underline{k} = midline

Determine the midline, amplitude, period and frequency.

(M)

(A)

(P)

(F)

(A) $y = 2 \sin 3x$

M: 0

A: 2

P: $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

F: $\frac{3}{2\pi}$

(B) $y = -3 \sin \frac{x}{4} - 1$

M: -1

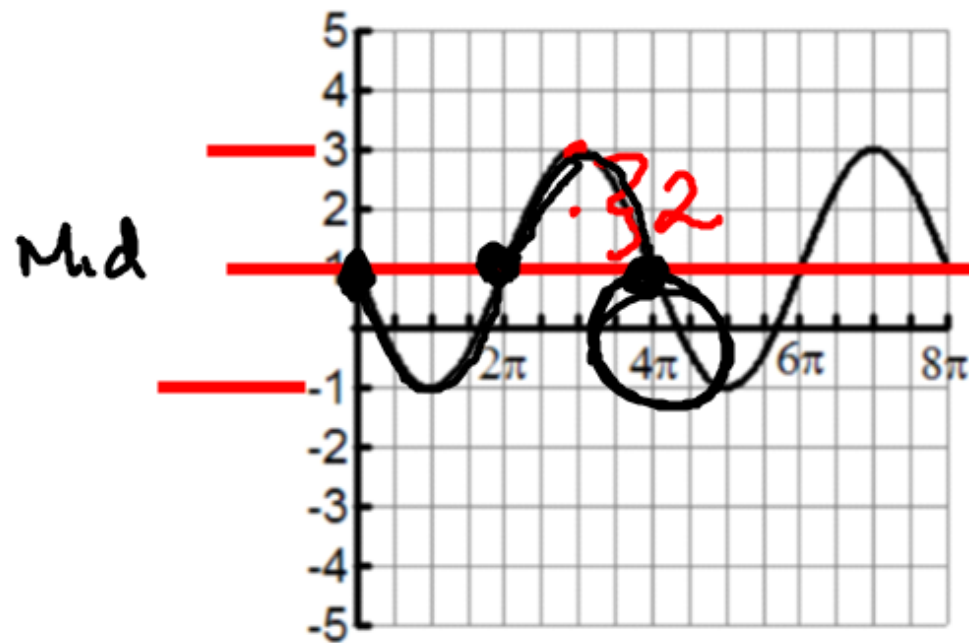
A: $|-3| = 3$

P: $\frac{2\pi}{1/4} = 2\pi \cdot 4 = 8\pi$

F: $\frac{1}{8\pi}$

$y = a \cdot \sin(bx) + k$

Determine the midline, amplitude, period and frequency.



$$M: y = 1$$

$$A: 2$$

$$P: 4\pi$$

$$F: \frac{1}{4\pi}$$

$$y = -2\sin$$

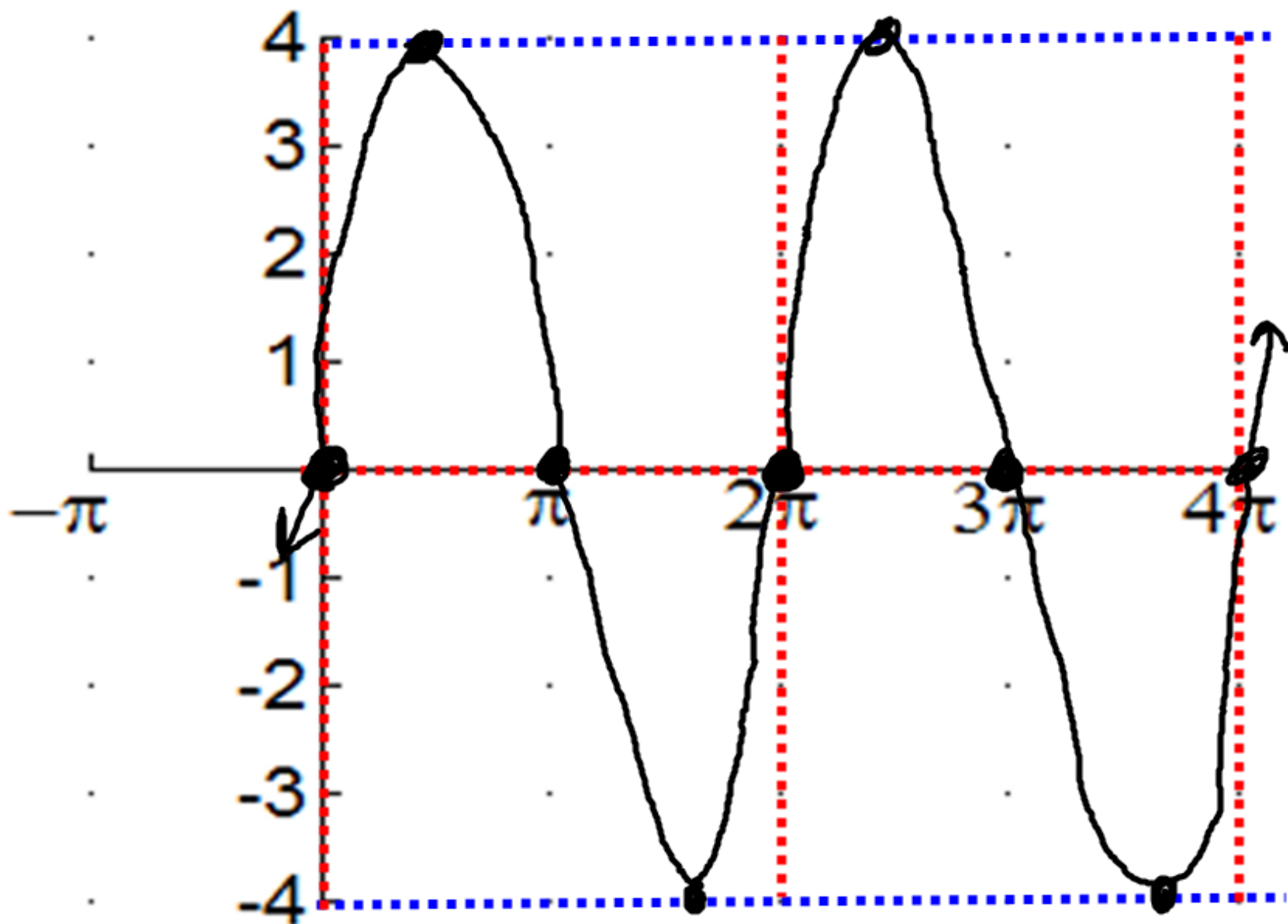
Graph the following:

$$y = 4 \sin x$$

$$M: 0$$

$$A: 4$$

$$P: \frac{2\pi}{1} = 2\pi$$



Graph the following:

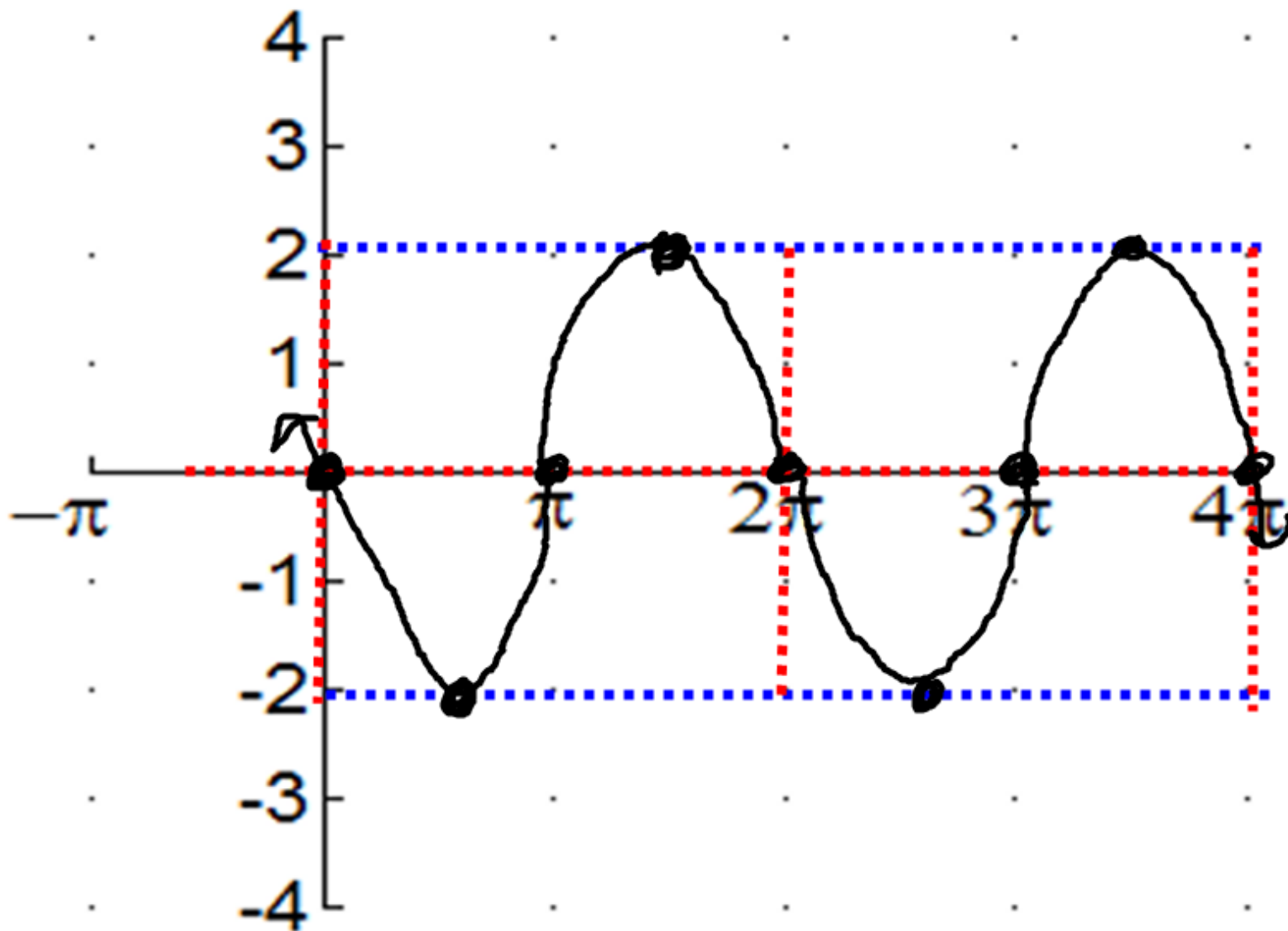
$$y = \underline{-2} \sin x$$

Down 1st

$$M: 0$$

$$A: 2$$

$$P: \frac{2\pi}{1} = 2\pi$$



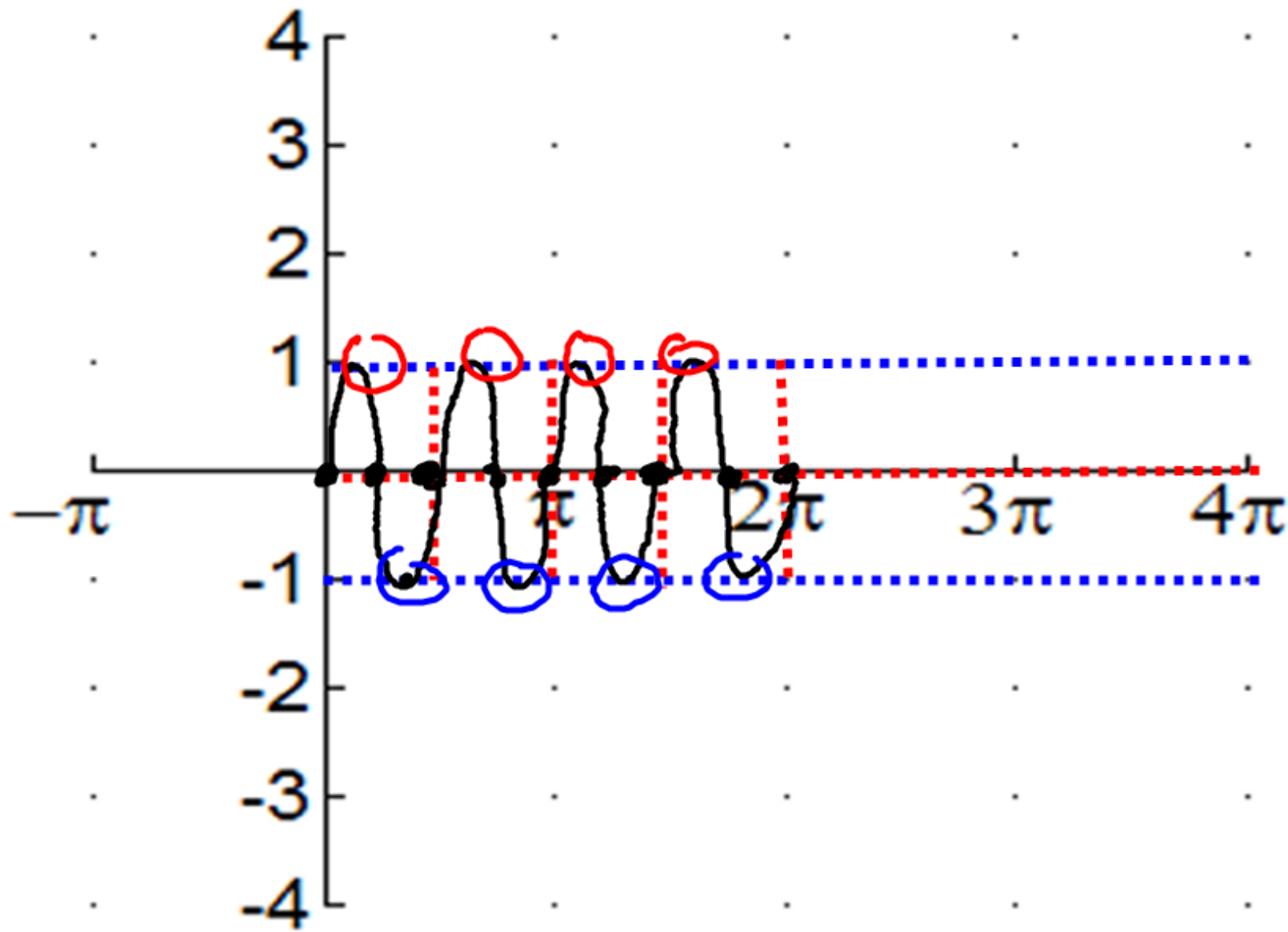
Graph the following:

$$y = |\sin 4x|$$

$$M: 0$$

$$A: 1$$

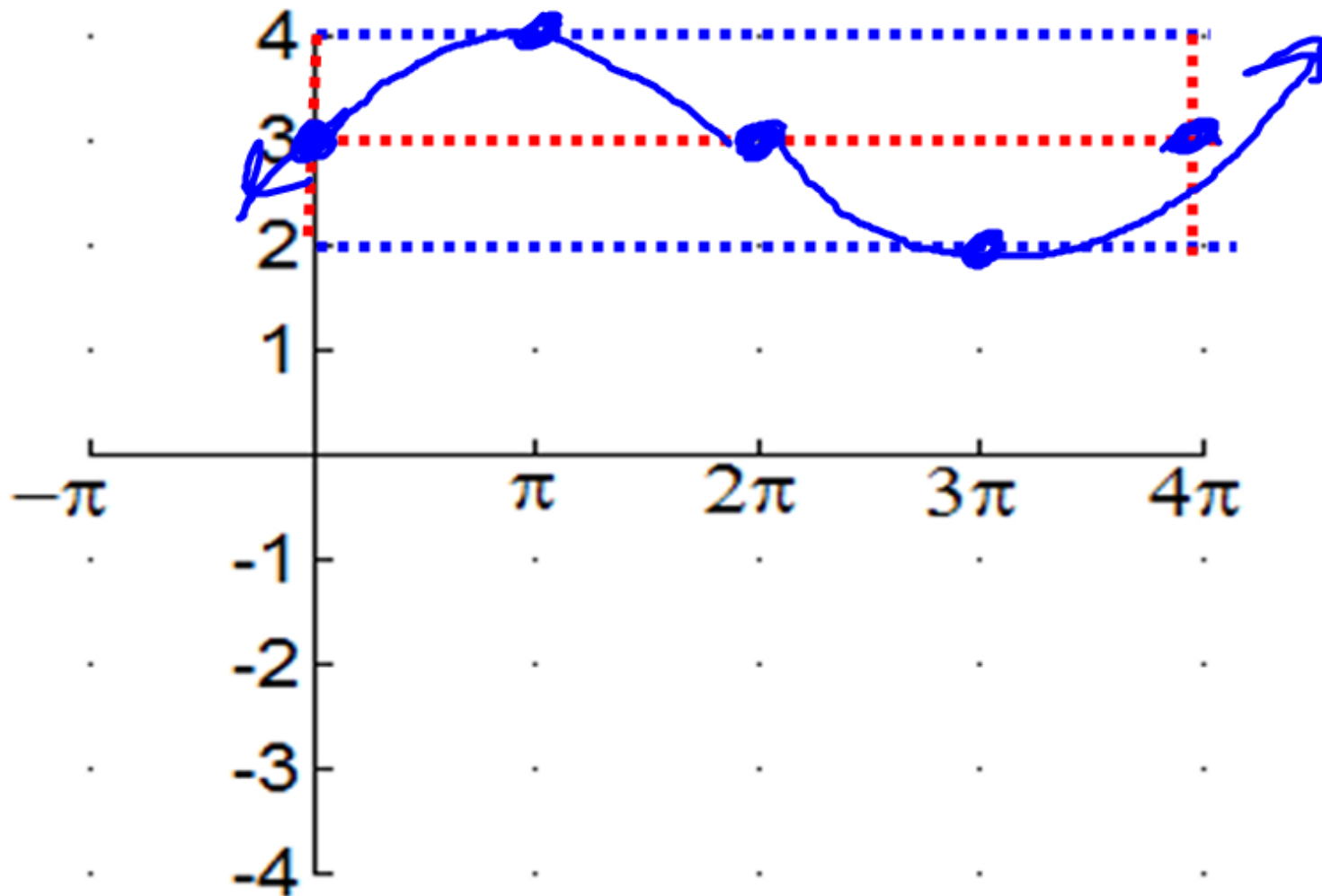
$$P: \frac{2\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$



Graph the following:

$$y = \sin \frac{x}{2} + 3$$

$M: 3$ $A: 1$ $P: \frac{2\pi}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2\pi \cdot 2$
 $= 4\pi$



Graph the following:

$$y = \underbrace{-\sin 3x}_{\text{Down 1st}} + 1$$

$$M: 1 \quad A: 1$$

$$P: \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

